

KURN

Lightning Protection System

Made in Indonesia

by



PT. KURN INDONESIA



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Lightning Protection System



CV. WIJAYA LIGHTNING PROTECTION
SUPPLIER & INSTALLATION

Lightning Protection - Grounding System
Exothermic Welding - Electrical & Technical
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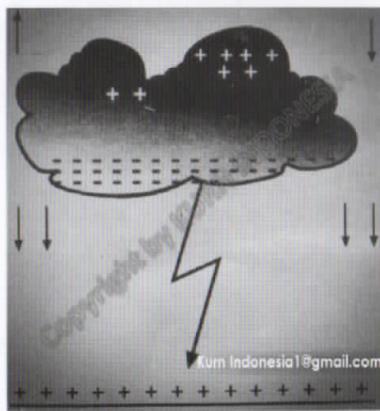
Sales : 0857 1171 1497
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DAFTAR ISI

Mekanisme Sambaran Petir	Halaman 1
Specification	Halaman 2
Kurn Terminal	Halaman 3
Striking Distance	Halaman 4
Radius Proteksi Kurn	Halaman 5
Bentuk Gelombang	Halaman 6
Test Laboratorium	Halaman 7
Manual Instalasi	Halaman 8

MEKANISME SAMBARAN PETIR

Petir adalah suatu phenomena alam yang merupakan hasil suatu proses elektro statis yang terjadi di awan akibat adanya medan positif dan pada muatan negatif. Dalam keadaan normal, udara mengandung ion-ion positif dan negatif yang terdistribusi secara random. Pada saat akan terjadi petir, ion-ion di udara yang tadinya terdistribusi secara random. Dan membentuk muatan yang netral akan terpisah muatan negatif pada lapisan bawah, maka di permukaan bumi terinduksi muatan positif berada pada lapisan atas. Dengan adanya muatan negatif pada lapisan bawah, maka di permukaan bumi terinduksi muatan positif dan membentuk medan listrik antara awan dan permukaan bumi.



Bila medan listrik tersebut melebihi kekuatan medan tembus udara, maka akan terjadi pelepasan muatan (Discharge) dan terjadilah kilat (petir). Medan listrik atmosphere besar nya 100Y/M dalam keadaan cuaca normal. Jika terjadi sambaran petir, besar medan listrik bisa mencapai 15 s/d 20KV/M.

Dari hasil pengamatan sambaran, petir terdiri dari beberapa sambaran dengan tahapan sebagai berikut.

1. PILOT STREAMER, yaitu sambaran yang menentukan arah perambatan muatan dari awan ke udara yang ionisasinya rendah. Kecepatan dari sambaran kurang lebih 50.00 km/ dtk. Pilot Streamer akan bertemu dengan muatan positif dari bumi, dimana titik pertemuan ini di sebut sebagai: POINT OF STRIKE.
2. Sambaran kedua terjadi pada titik yang sama dengan mengikuti arah sambaran pertama (Pilot Streamer). proses dari sambaran petir ini berlangsung terus menerus hingga mencapai belasan meter bahkan beberapa meter dari atas tanah.
3. Pertemuan sambaran yang lebih besar dapat terjadi karena adanya aliran muatan positif dari bumi ke awan. Sambaran ini disebut sambaran kembali (Return Stroke). Biasanya terdiri dari beberapa sambaran.

Arus kilat pada setiap sambaran bisa mencapai maksimum 200.000 Amphere. Arus kilat ini merupakan arus impuls, di mana arus puncaknya dicapai dalam beberapa mikro detik.

EFEK SAMBARAN PETIR

Sebuah sambaran petir menghasilkan energi yang sangat besar, bisa mencapai 300 juta KW dengan besar tegangan listrik 125 juta KV dari rata rata arus petir di atas 20 000 A.

Pengaruh yang ditimbulkan oleh petir

- Efek induksi, menyebabkan tidak berfungsi peralatan maupun terjadinya kesalahan data.
- Efek panas, menyebabkan terjadinya kobaran.
- Efek akustik, menyebabkan gangguan pada gelombang radio.
- Efek pada manusia atau hewan akan menyebabkan kerusakan bahkan kematian yang disebabkan besar nya arus petir.

SPECIFICATION

KURN LIGHTNING TERMINAL

- KURN Terminal merupakan alat penangkal petir yang di design untuk menciptakan medan ionisasi pada sekeliling area/Lonezer Dissipation system
- Setiap pelepasan medan ionisasi ke awan akan mampu menimbulkan perbedaan potensial antara awan dan permukaan tanah (bumi), sehingga arus muatan pada tingkat yang paling rendah akan dapat mengalir secara terus menerus ketahan melalui penghantar.
- Pada aliran arus muatan yang tercipta secara terus menerus memungkinkan terjadinya sambaran petir berkurang.
- KURN Terminal mampu bekerja untuk menciptakan medan statik terhadap perbedaan muatan melalui Corona Efek yang keluar pada Head Terminal.
- Melalui pelepasan ion positive pada KURN Terminal, mampu membentuk sudut perlindungan proteksi area yang cukup luas (Data Spesifikasi terlampir).
- Perbedaan potensial pada awan dan bumi dapat menghasilkan arus muatan yang cukup besar terdapat pada KURN Terminal, sehingga pada saat tertentu akan terjadi daya tarik muatan terhadap muatan awan yang kemudian dikonsentrasi pada titik sambaran Head Copper Terminal dan di salurkan melalui penghantar ke ground/bumi.
- KURN Lightning Protection diciptakan atas dasar pengembangan franklin Rod melalui riset yang panjang dan akurat.
- Dari keseluruhan data yang di dapat dan di pelajari ulang, maka hasil tersebut akan di sempurnakan dengan sebaik - baiknya.

Untuk mendapatkan hasil cipta benar benar dapat diandalkan.

Kesempurnaan hasil cipta itu sendiri di bagi dalam 2 (dua) bagian yaitu:

- 1). Kesempurnaan Design
 - a. Mencakup kekuatan bahan.
 - b. pengaturan & penepatan sparepart.
 - c. Secara Visual memiliki daya tarik di nilai dari segi estetika.
- 2). Kesempurnaan Ilmiah
 - a. Mencakup keandalan system electrostatik.
 - b. Memiliki Objectivity protect yang luas
 - c. Menguasai detail spesification baik secara teori maupun praktik.

OBJEKTIFITAS

Instalasi dapat dilakukan pada object-Object sebagai berikut:

- a). Gedung-gedung perkantoran
- b). Kawasan Industri/pabrik-pabrik
- c). Rumah tinggal.
- d). Gudang-gudang dynamit (jajaran Hankam)
- e). Peralatan elektronik besar seperti pemancar dan siaran televisi.

SPECIAL PROJECT

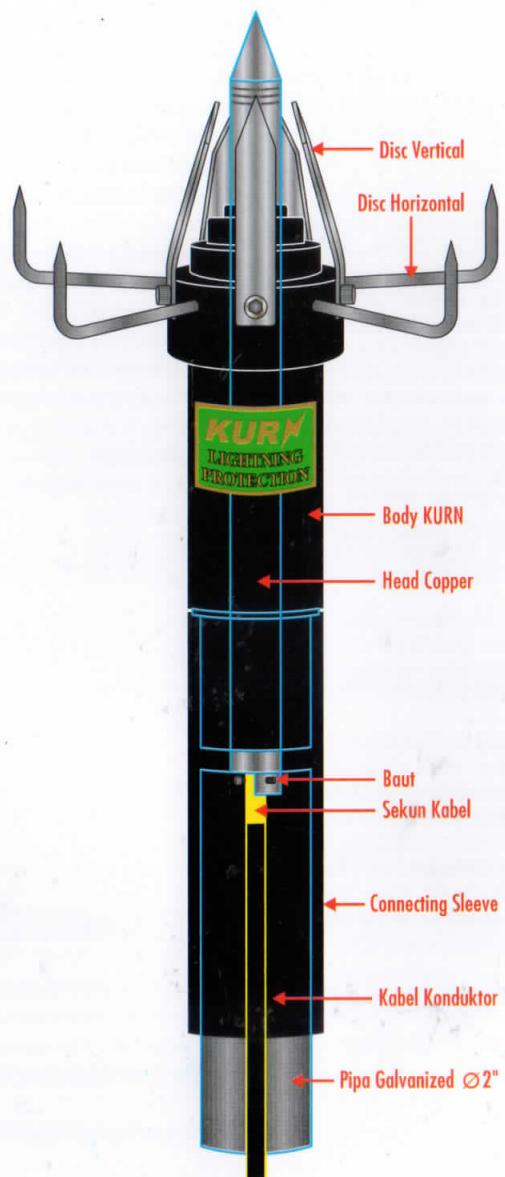
Pada era sekarang ini telah direferensikan pula paket instalasi di Indonesia (Referensi Terlampir).

RECOMENDATION

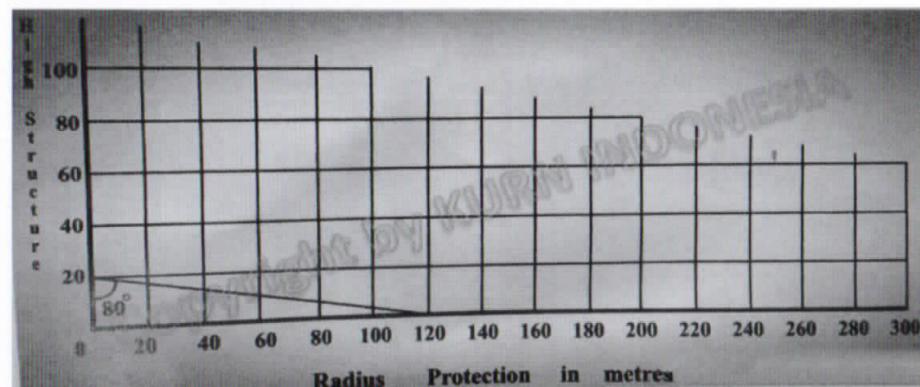
- 1). Certificate of Kurn Lightning Protection
- 2). Surat Garansi untuk masa jaminan 1 tahun
- 3). Surat Rekomendasi yang di keluarkan oleh Departemen Tenaga kerja.
- 4). Hasil Test PLN-LMK Indonesia.

Produced by: **KURN INDONESIA** 

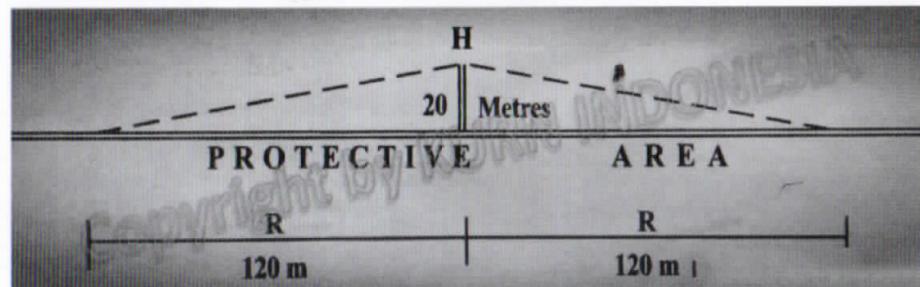
KURN TERMINAL



STRIKING DISTANCE



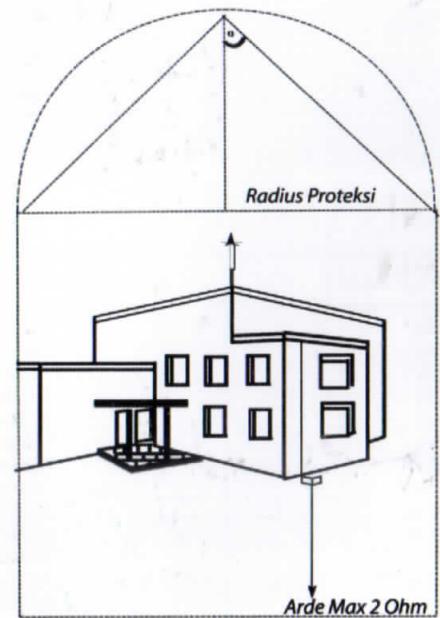
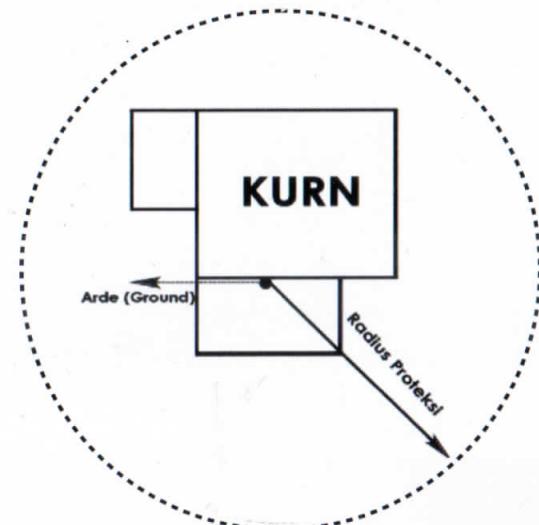
THE BEST PROTECTION



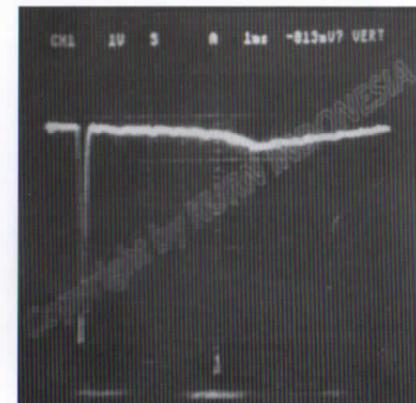
PROTECTION TABLE

Structure Height (M)	Protection Radius (M)
20 m	120 m
30 m	130 m
40 m	140 m
50 m	150 m
60 m	160 m
70 m	170 m
80 m	180 m
90 m	190 m
100 m	200 m
110 m	210 m
120 m	220 m
130 m	230 m
140 m	240 m
150 m	250 m

RADIUS PROTEKSI KURN



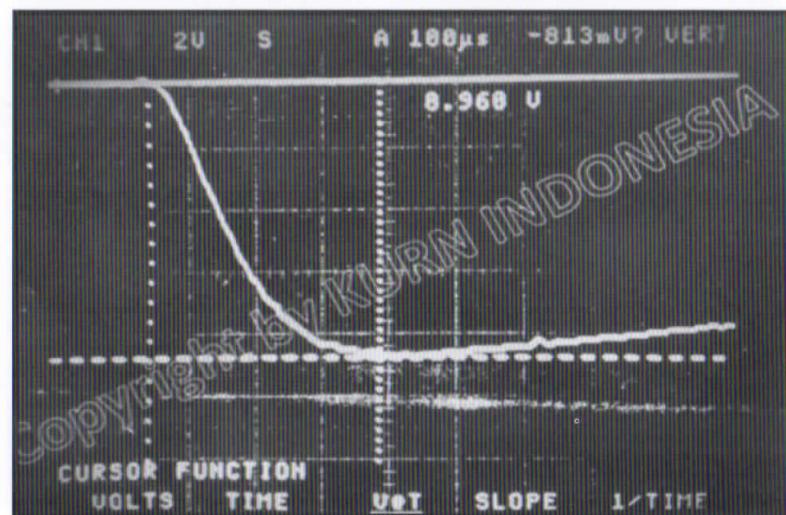
BENTUK GELOMBANG SWITCHING IMPLUSE YANG DIREKAM SAAT PERCOBAAN



I

II

BENTUK GELOMBANG SWITCHING IMPLUSE YANG DIREKAM SAAT SPARK - OVER

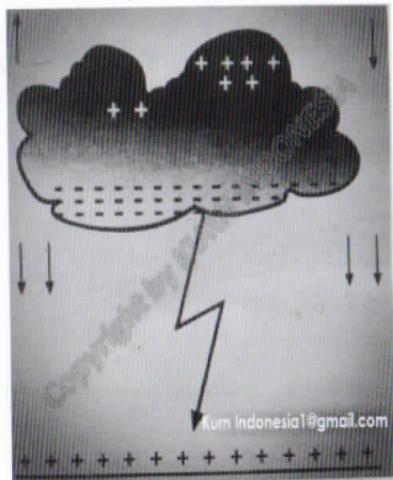


III

LIGHTNING STRIKE MECHANISM

Lightning is a natural phenomenon which creates from electrostatic process in cloud due to massive electric field on positive and negative charges area.

In normal condition, air contains randomly distributed positive and negative ions. When lightning is about to strike, randomly distributed ions in the air which create neutral charges will be separated, negative charges in under layer and positive charges in upper layer. With the negative charges in under layer, then in earth's surface induced positive charges and create electric field between cloud and earth's surface.



If the electric field exceeds the field strength of air penetrating into the ground, there will be an electric discharge and this event called lightning.

In normal weather condition, atmospheric electric field magnitude is 100V/M

In the event of lightning strike, electric field magnitude could reach 15 to 20 KV/M

From lightning strike observation, lightning consists of several strikes with following stages :

1. PILOT STREAMER is the strike which determines the direction of the charge's propagation from cloud to low air ionization. The speed of a strike approximately 50.000 Km/s. Pilot streamer will meet with positive charge from earth, which called "POINT OF STRIKE".

2. second strike happen in the same point by following the first strike direction (pilot streamer). The lightning strike process happens over and over again until dozen of metres even and only several metres from the ground

3. Larger strike can occur due to the flow of positive charge from the earth to the cloud. This strike called Return Strike. Usually contains of several strikes.

Lightning currents on each bolt can reach 200.000 Amphere. Lightning currents is an impulse flow, which reached a peak flows within a few micro seconds.

LIGHTNING STRIKE EFFECT

A lightning strike generates massive energy, it could reach 300 million KW with 125 millions of electrical voltage from average lightning current above 20.000 A.

Effect caused by lightning:
Induction effect, cause malfunction of

- equipments or data errors.
- Thermal effect, cause a fire.
- Acoustic effect, cause interference with radio waves
- Effects on human or animals, cause damage or even death due to the magnitude of lightning current.

SPECIFICATION

KURN LIGHTNING TERMINAL

- KURN Terminal is a lightning rod tool designed to create a ionization field in the surrounding area, this called Ionizer Dissipation System.

- Each ionization field release to cloud lead to a potential difference between the cloud and the earth, allowing the lowest level of charge to flow continuously into the ground through a conductor.

- If the charge flow continuously, allowing to reduce the lightning strikes.

- KURN Terminal is able to create a static field to the charge difference through the corona effect on the Head Terminal.

- Through the release of positive ions, the KURN terminal is able to form a protection angle or widely protection areas.

- The potential difference between cloud and the earth can produce enough charge flow which found in KURN Terminal, so that at any given moment there will be a charge traction against cloud charge which is concentrated at the point of strike in Head Copper Terminal and is channeled through conductor to the earth.

- KURN Lightning Protection created on the bases of Franklin Rod development through a long and accurate research.

- From the obtained and studied research data, it is enhanced to get a reliable result.

- The result perfection itself contains of two parts:

1. Design Perfection

- a. Material strength
- b. Arrangement and placement of needed spareparts
- C. Visually appeals, assessed in aesthetics terms

2. Scientific Perfection

- a. Electrostatic system reliability
- b. Broad objectivity protect
- c. Mastered specification detail, both in theory and practice

OBJECTIVITY

Installation can be done on the following objects :

- a. Office building
- b. Industrial areas Factories
- c. Residential houses
- d. Dynamite warehouse (Defense ranks)
- e. Electronic equipment such as satellite dish CB antenna, radio and television broadcast transmitters

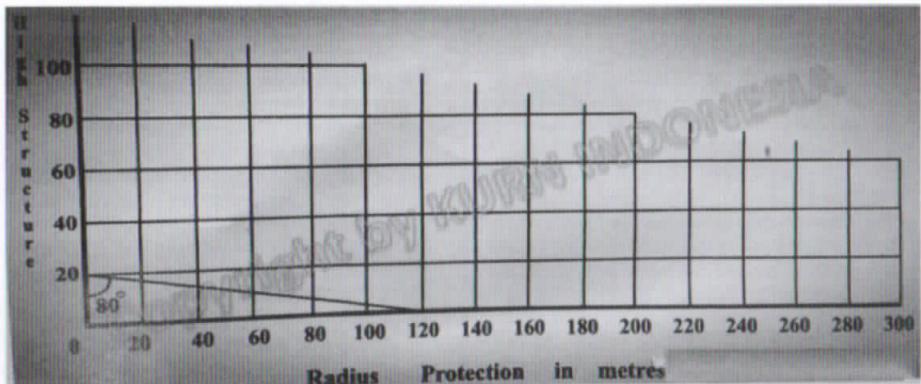
SPECIAL PROJECT

In this era installation package has been referenced for golf courses throughout Indonesia

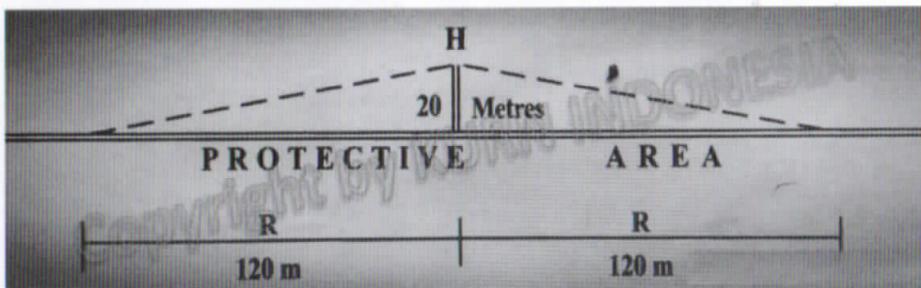
RECOMMENDATION

- 1. Certificate of KURN Lightning Protection
- 2. Guarantee Letters for 1 years
- 3. Recommendation letter from Department of Labor
- 4. Test result from PLN-LMK Indonesia with STPIK number 321.LLI.006.

STRIKING DISTANCE



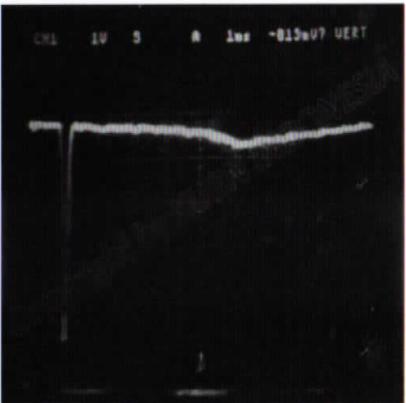
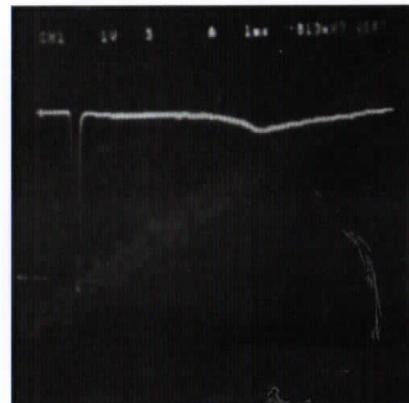
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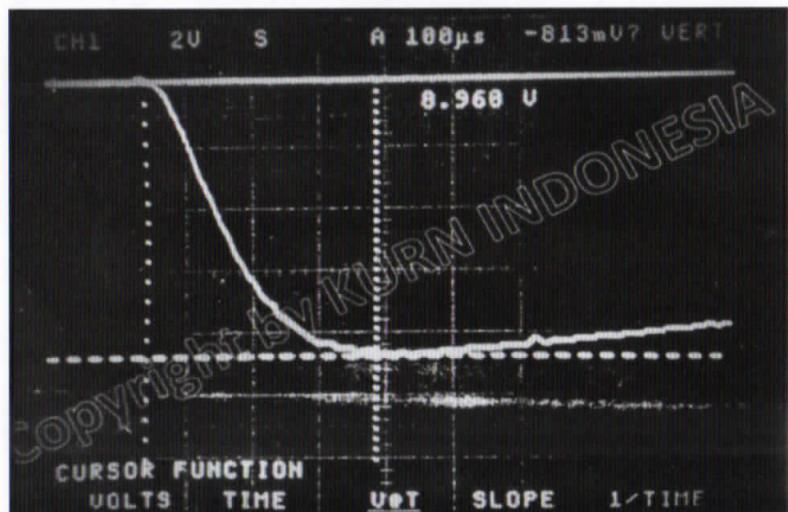
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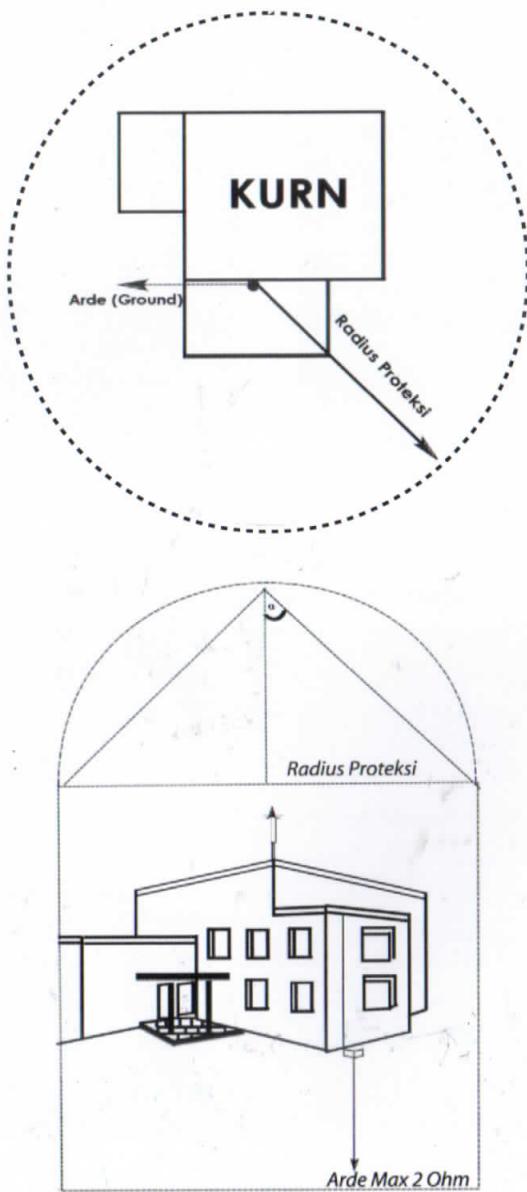
The Switching Impulse Waveform recorded during the experiment



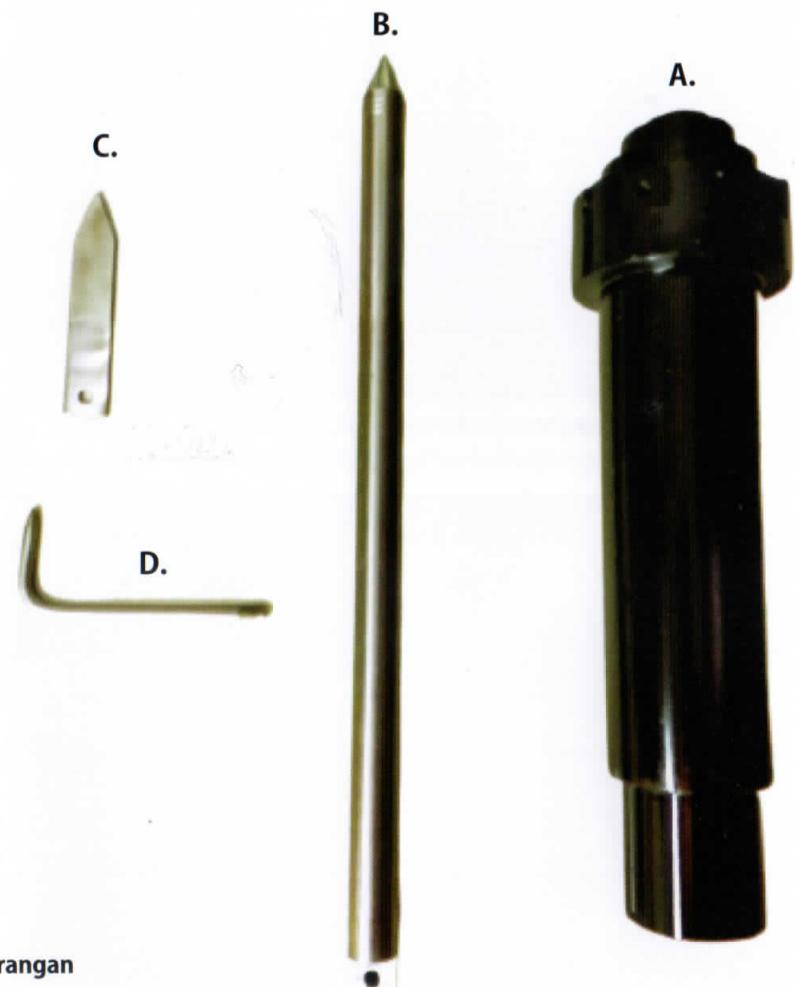
The Switching Impulse Waveform Recorded during spark - over



KURN PROTECTION RADIUS



BASIC COMPONENTS



Keterangan

- a. Body Terminal No. 105 KLP
- b. Head Copper No. 104 KLP
- c. Disch Vertical No. 103 KLP
- d. Disch Horizontal No. 102 KLP



Test comparison between "KURN TERMINAL" with conventional system-LMK Lab.



Test with STRIKE CAMERA to see more clearly when break down happens LMK LAB

KURN LIGHTNING PROTECTION INSTALLATION GUIDE

1. insert 70mm² NYA Cable which outer isolation had been peeled into the hole in Head Copper (B-104 KLP), peeled isolation cable length should be adjusted to the size of the hole in Head Copper.
2. Use Crimping Tool 70mm² Tang Press (Hexagonal/six sides) to clamp outer part of cable connection which coming into the hole in Head Copper (Pressed up-down).
3. Isolated or wrapped with the connection between the cable with Head Copper using 3 M (or likely) as thick as possible
4. Insert Head Copper which attached to cable in the inside of Terminal Body (A-105 KLP), press until Head Copper head out to the upper Terminal Body and make sure Head Copper Ring locked on the section position inside Terminal Body.
5. Head Copper that had been mounted on Terminal Body with Bolt Head Copper (F-106 KLP), with position of the hole in the Terminal Body.
6. Install vertical ICS (c-103 KLP) into each position and lock with Bold Disch (E-101 KLP), arrange the space between tip of vertical Disch with Head Copper, each within 3mm.
7. install Horizontal Disch (D-102 KLP) into each hole in Terminal Body and arrange each pointed tip facing up.
8. Connect conductor cable with Ground /Arde.
9. Make a control box for each Ground Arde point.
10. Grounding result for lightning rod maximum 2 ohm.



KURN
R : 120 - 150 M

KURN
R : 60 - 80 M

